## **Checklist: Rental Property Owners**

Property Address:		
Personal use days (if any)?		days
Rental Type? (Check One)	Short Term	Long Term
INCOME:	\$	_
EXPENSES:		
Advertising	\$	-
Auto and Travel	\$	-
or, # of Miles		
Cleaning & Maintenance	\$	-
Commissions	\$	-
* Insurance	\$	-
Legal & Professional	\$	-
Management Fees	\$	-
* Interest - Mortgage Form 1098)	\$	-
* Mortgage Balance on Dec 31st	\$	-
Interest - Other	\$	-
Repairs	\$	-
Supplies	\$	-
* Property Tax	\$	-
Utilities	\$	-
Lawn Care	\$	-
HOA Fees	\$	-
IMPROVEMENTS	Cost	Date (MM/DD/YY)
HVAC	\$ -	
Flooring	\$ -	
Appliances	\$ -	
Roof	\$ -	
Other:	\$ -	
Other:	\$ -	

Short Term Rentals: Did you receive income or incur expenses associated with a short-term rental (e.g. Airbnb, HomeAway)? If yes, provide documentation. Is your average rental period 7 days or less?

**New Purchase:** If you purchased your rental property in the current tax year, you will need the following additional documents:

When was the property first available for
rent? (MM/DD/YY
Settlement Statement (many settlement adjustments are claimable)
Initial loan documentation (i.e. closing statement)

**Sale of Property:** If you sold a property that you had previously rented, you will most likely need to declare a capital gain. The following documents will be required:

- Settlement Statement from sale / purchase
  Legal costs for purchase and sale such as building inspection or appraisal.
- ☐ Receipts for building additions or improvements since purchase (for basis calculations)
- ☐ Receipts for initial repairs or other nondeductible items through ownership period (for basis calculations)

## Improvements vs Repairs:

- □ Repairs are deductible in the tax year incurred. Improvements (with some exceptions) must typically be depreciated over their useful life. In other words, the deduction is spread over a number of years.
- ☐ Improvements: New asset purchases including description, date and cost of each item (ex: property renovations such as HVAC, roof, appliances, flooring)

## New Client with Existing Rental Property:

 □ Depreciation Schedule for property and assets. Typically maintained by your CPA.